Install: Debian GNU/Linux on a Sun Javastation (Krups)

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Abstract

With this document I'll try to describe how I have installed Debian GNU/Linux on my Sun Javastation (krups). However, before reading this document it might be a good idea to first take a look at :

- $\bullet\,$ Linux on the Sun JavaStation NC HOWTO 1
- Installing Debian GNU/Linux on a SUN Javastation²

I like to thank Bram Stolk and Robert S. Dubinski for making this information available.

1 Server

Because this javastation doesn't have a HD, we need first to setup a server. On this server we place the Linux-kernel and Filesystem for our javastation. On this server we need to setup bootp, a nfs-server and tftp to transfer these necessary components to the javastation.

In the JavaStation-HOWTO 3 they have also setup RARP, however, for a Krups this is not needed.

And of course, my server is also running Debian GNU/Linux ;-)

1.1 bootp

This is how I have setup bootp. In the JavaStation-HOWTO 4 they have used DHCP as a bootp-server. I have chosen for bootp because that was already installed on my system ;-)

1.1.1 Install bootp

apt-get install bootp

1.1.2 Configure bootp

• Edit /etc/bootptab and add a line like :

old:ha=08002095270C:ip=192.168.1.3:bf=/tftpboot/08002095270C

where:

- 08002095270C is the Hardware Address of your java station (printed on the back of the java station)
- 192.168.1.3 is the IP-address that you like to give to your javastation.
- Edit /etc/inetd.conf and add/change a line with something like this:

bootps dgram udp wait root /usr/sbin/bootpd bootpd -i -t 120

 $^{{}^{1}\}rm http://www.faqs.org/docs/Linux-HOWTO/JavaStation-HOWTO.html$

 $^{^2} http://web.archive.org/web/20040507193459/stolk.org/javastation/$

³http://dubinski-family.org/jshowto/doc/html/multi/index.html

⁴http://dubinski-family.org/jshowto/doc/html/multi/index.html

1.2 nfs-server

1.2.1 Install nfs-server

You can choose between:

- apt-get install nfs-kernel-server
- apt-get install nfs-user-server

I recommend nfs-kernel-server because with nfs-user-server I have had some problems, also nfs-kernel-server is faster. Of course, to use nfs-kernel-server you need on the server a kernel with nfs-server support.

1.2.2 Configure nfs-server

Edit /etc/exports and add a line with something like this:

/var/javastation 192.168.1.3(rw,no_root_squash,async)

1.3 tftp

1.3.1 Install tftp

apt-get install tftpd

1.3.2 Configure tftp

Edit /etc/inetd.conf and add/change a line with something like this:

tftp dgram udp wait nobody /usr/sbin/tcpd /usr/sbin/in.tftpd /tftpboot

1.4 Setting up /tftpboot

Now we have to set up some files in /tftpboot (create /tftpboot when it doesn't exist).

1.4.1 PROLL

• Download proll and copy it to /tftpboot.

Normally you can download PROLL here⁵. However, because this PROLL didn't work with my self-compiled 2.4.26-kernel, I have changed 1 line in the source of PROLL and re-compiled PROLL. You can download this 'patched' PROLL here⁶

• In /tftpboot do :

ln -s proll.aout 08002095270C

where 08002095270C is the Hardware Address of your javastation.

• Take your javastation and remove the flash memory SIMM. Connect the javastation to your server and power it up. If everything is alright you should see that PROLL is loaded by the javastation.

Also, if you check your logfiles (ex. /var/log/syslog) you should see something like this :

⁵http://people.redhat.com/zaitcev/linux/

⁶http://janw.dyndns.org:1683/proll.aout

```
in.tftpd[21841]: connect from 192.168.1.3 (192.168.1.3)
tftpd[21842]: tftpd: trying to get file: /tftpboot/08002095270C
in.tftpd[21843]: connect from 192.168.1.3 (192.168.1.3)
tftpd[21844]: tftpd: trying to get file: COA80103.PROL
```

1.4.2 Kernel

• Download a pre-compiled kernel and copy it to /tftpboot.

You can find pre-compiled kernels here:

- my self compiled 2.4.26 kernel⁷
- my self compiled 2.4.30 kernel⁸
- my self compiled 2.4.31 kernel⁹
- my self compiled 2.4.33.3 kernel¹⁰
- Linux on the Sun JavaStation NC $\rm HOWTO^{11}$
- Installing Debian GNU/Linux on a SUN Javastation¹²
- In /tftpboot do :

```
ln -s vmlinux.aout COA80103.PROL
```

where C0A80103.PROL is the IP-address (192.168.1.3) in HEX-format. Of course, you can just take a look in your log-file if you don't want to convert decimal to hexadecimal;-)

2 Installing Debian GNU/Linux

Now that we have setup the server, we can start with installing Debian GNU/Linux. I have done this by following the instructions at Installing Debian GNU/Linux on a SUN Javastation¹³. However, some things didn't work for me, so there are differences. YMMV

2.1 Preparation

- mkdir /var/javastation/root
- Download http://archive.debian.org/debian-archive/debian/dists/woody/main/disks-sparc/current/root.tar.gz Note: that this is Woody (Debian 3.0). At the time I was installing, Woody was the stable version. You can also try to use a more recent version (for example Debian 3.1), but I have no experience with that. You can also install Debian 3.0 and afterwards upgrade it to Debian 3.1.
- cd /var/javastation
- tar xzvf path/root.tar.gz
- cd /tftpboot
- ln -s /var/javastation/debian-sparc-root/ 192.168.1.3 Where 192.168.1.3 is the IP-address of your javastation
- \bullet After following these steps, /tftpboot should now be something like this :

 $^{^7 \}rm http://janw.dyndns.org:1683/vmlinux.aout.2.4.26$

⁸http://janw.dyndns.org:1683/vmlinux.aout.2.4.30

⁹http://janw.dyndns.org:1683/vmlinux.aout.2.4.31

 $^{^{10} \}rm http://janw.dyndns.org:1683/vmlinux.aout.2.4.33.3$

 $^{^{11} \}rm http://www.faqs.org/docs/Linux-HOWTO/JavaStation-HOWTO.html$

¹²http://web.archive.org/web/20040507193459/stolk.org/javastation/

¹³http://web.archive.org/web/20040507193459/stolk.org/javastation/

- cd /var/javastation/debian-sparc-root/etc
- cp /etc/resolv.conf .
- Edit /var/javastation/debian-sparc-root/etc/fstab and add a line like :

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add /dev/root / nfs default 0 0
```

2.2 Starting the installation

Now it is time to power up the javastation. If everything is alright, PROLL will be loaded, then PROLL will load the kernel and the kernel starts the Debian Installation Program. When you see the Debian Installation Program on the screen, do the following:

- Press ALT-F2 and activate the console
- type:
 - mount -o remount,rw /dev/root
 Ignore the error messages that you get.
 - mountand verify that /dev/root is mounted rw
 - route add default gw 192.168.1.1 where 192.168.1.1 is the IP-address of your server.
 - mount -o nolock 192.168.1.1:/var/javastation/root /target where 192.168.1.1 is the IP-address of your server.
- Press ALT-F1 to switch back to the Installation Program
 - Configure the hostname
 - Install the base system
 - * choose network
 - * defaults are ok
 - * When this didn't work, press ALT-F2 and check if you can ping to the internet and that /tmp is mounted rw. If not, solve these problems
 - After that the base-system is downloaded an unpacked, you will get an error.

2.3 Complete the installation

Because the installation program failed it is now time to complete the installation by hand.

- On the server do :
 - cd /tftpboot
 - rm 192.168.1.3 where 192.168.1.3 is the IP-address of the javastation
 - ln -s /var/javastation/root/ 192.168.1.3 where 192.168.1.3 is the IP-address of the javastation

- Power up the javastation. After the kernel is booted, you should see this text : Enter runlevel:
- Press S and ENTER

Now you should see a command-prompt.

- cd /var/cache/apt/archives
- mount -oremount,rw /dev/root /
- dpkg -i *.deb

Repeat this step, ignore all errors, except when you see an error about "/var/lib/dpkg/tmp.ci" then go to to the next step.

- cd /var/lib/dpkg
- mv tmp.ci /tmp
- apt-get -f install

In my case apt-get configures everything, except cron, exim, at, mailx, logrotate. Just ignore this

• base-config

Base-config will fail when trying to fetch the Debian Archive. Just ignore this for now. Also, don't do Tasksel or dselect for now.

- Power Off
- On the server, edit /var/javastation/root/etc/fstab and change it to the following :

- Power On
- Log in as root
- route add default gw 192.168.1.1 where 192.168.1.1 is the IP-address of your server
- On the server,

cp /etc/resolv.conf /var/javastation/root/etc/resolv.conf

- You should now be able to ping to the internet. If not solve the problem before going to the next step.
- base-config

Now fetching the debian archive should work

• OK, installation is complete.